**Ways to collaborate** between theory group and experimental research, based on current expertise in theoretical physics and physical systems

# Theory group for condensed matter physics and statistical physics

**Roles** that **researchers from theory group** can take in collaboration with experimental colleagues

- Electronic, magnetic and lattice phase transitions, physical properties in proximity to instabilities
- Insights into electronic and magnetic structure, bulk and interfaces, system excitations, through *ab-initio calculations*, and various analytical and numerical modeling
- Influence on electron-phonon and electron-electron interactions on system properties (scatterings, dispersions, spectra)
- Modeling whole electronic devices
- Various insight into the **roots of particular experimental properties**, including electronic and thermal properties
- Giving the wider context/mechanism to new experimental findings
- Project proposals and paper preparation and writing
- ... and many, many more.

Theorists: "Too many?", or "too few?", or "just fine"?

# How it goes:

...

it starts slow, and lasts long .. lot of patience from both sides

# Possible/best methods:

- Just hang around, and listen regularly and carefully about what the other side is doing.
- **Do your regular job**, theoretical and experimental jobs, **to best quality possible**. This fills person with confidence, it feels in collaboration, and produces will and optimism to crack any problems. Have your "my only, pure research project" all the time at your side.
- Tell about your recent findings before or after publications, in most friendly way. Enlighten your prospective collaborators.
- No premature optimism, but the things will precipitate eventually, if inclination exists from both sides.
- Set time apart to discuss small/medium things when an opportunity shows.
- Read highly influential papers to see those which present wide range of expertise.
- Show your work process, expose your thinking, to get appreciated.
- Ensure to apply for some **small common projects**, or a share of a bigger one, to provide **some financing** for the joint activity.
- Mere "salad dressing" has limited capability to "sparkle joy".

Physics experiment and theory are very, very distinct activities, although we remember having commons roots, and have some memories of the branching points!

Plan your project/ activity/ papers where your other-side collaborators may take a slot, or not.

Recognize people that share the optimism for continuous collaboration, though one-job-at-thetime.

### **OSB:** Transport properties

**Subject:** Thermal transport properties of semiconductors, phonon scattering mechanisms, electron-phonon interaction **Method**: Combination of analytical and phenomenological modeling

# Joint publications with experimentalists:

- Communications Physics 2, 123 (2019): Tailoring thermal conduction in anatase TiO<sub>2</sub>
- J. Phys. Chem. C 119, 3918 (2015): *The Role of Transport Agents in MoS*<sub>2</sub> Single Crystals
- J. Phys. Chem. Lett. 5, 2488 (2014): Ultra Low Thermal Conductivity in organic inorganic hybrid perovskite CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>PbI<sub>3</sub>
- Phys. Rev. B 78, 104204 (2008): Anisotropic magnetic, electrical and thermal transport properties of Y-Al-Ni-Co decagonal approximant

# Spinoff theoretical work:

 Phys. Rev. B 102, 241111(R) (2020): Exact solution of electronic transport in semiconductors dominated by scattering on polaronic impurities

Identification of
phonon sidebands
as fingerprints of
electron-phonon
coupling

# **OSB: ARPES experiments and theory**

Subject: ARPES spectra characterized by strong polaronic effects Method: Diagrammatic approach to electron and phonon quasi-particle properties Joint publications with experimentalists:

- Nat. Commun. 7, 10386 (2016): *Polaronic metal state at the LaAlO<sub>3</sub>/SrTiO<sub>3</sub> interface*
- Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 196403 (2013): *Tunable Polaronic Conduction in Anatase TiO*<sub>2</sub>

# Spinoff theoretical works:

- Phys. Rev. B 102, 121108(R) (2020): Manifestations of the electron-phonon interaction range in angle-resolved photoemission spectra
- Phys. Rev. B 106, 075207 (2022): Importance of coupling strength in shaping electron energy loss and phonon spectra of phonon-plasmon systems

Emphasis on two
electronic
subsystems: FL +
localized holes

# **OSB: Cuprates**

Subject: Transport and optical properties

Method: Phenomenological modeling

# Joint publication with experimentalists:

- Phys. Rev. B (2023): Characterization of two electronic subsystems in cuprates
- through optical conductivity
- Transport properties and doping evolution of the Fermi surface in cuprates

Emphasis on resonant scattering due to nondispersive internal degrees of freedom:

- a) polaronic impurities
- b) rotational degrees of freedom

# Other themes that may get relevant for local experimental community

#### IB,2015-2019

Subject: Hysteresis phase transition Method: Functional renormalization group, differential equation analysis Publication: \* Phys. Rev. B 97, 094204 (2018)

\* Journal of Statistical Mechanics: Theory and Experiment 2019 (10), 103301

\* Phys. Rev. E 102, 062154 (2019)

\*Phys. Rev. B 91, 214201 (2015)

Developing understanding of the <u>hysteresis</u> phase transition and its glassy dynamics

#### IB 2018,2019

Analytical features of <u>the</u> <u>disorder driven phase</u> <u>transitions</u> in fermionic systems

### Subject: Universality in fermionic systems with disorder Method: Functional renormalization group, perturbative methods, differential equation analysis Publication: \* Physical Review Letters 121, 166402 (2018) \* Journal of Statistical Mechanics: Theory and Experiment 2019 (3), 033215

Constructing observables out of renormalization group quantities

#### IB2022

Subject: Probabilistic interpretation of the renormalization group Method: Functional renormalization group, Monte Carlo methods, large deviations Publication: Physical Review Letters 129 (21), 210602 (2002)

#### Pop1988, ET

**Method:** Calculation of various transport **coefficients** using **standard (Boltzmann) transport theory** and the tight-binding model and **peculiar energy gaps** suggested earlier, and compared with experimental results **Publication:** Joint paper with exp. group Solid State Commun. (1988): M. Petravić, E. Tutiš, A. Hamzić, L. Forro, *Hall effect measurements in* La<sub>2-x</sub>Ba<sub>x</sub>Cu<sub>4</sub>

# A side job for a theoretical guy!

Then, very much related to most dear theoretical interests!

#### Sip2008,ET

Subject: Superconductivity in electronically phase-separated charge-density-wave system Method: Concepts and modelling in the (CDW) systems with partial/frustrated electronic phase separation. Interpretation, writing. Publication with L. Forro exp. group : Nat. Mat. (2008) *From Mott state to superconductivity in* 1T-TaS<sub>2</sub>,

#### ...

#### Mar2020, ET

# Stunning conductivity anisotropy in layered CDW system

**Th. Methods:** Ab-initio calculations inspired by nearly commensurate CDW phase measured experimentally Publication: npj 2D Mat. & Appl. (2020) *Preferential out-of-plane conduction and quasi-one-dimensional electronic states in layered* 1T-TaS<sub>2</sub>

It is stunning and I believed that I knew the system!

#### Pop2023

Elaborate study, after getting known the system! @IFS driven! **Subject:** Many physical properties of a layered metallic-magnetic system **Th. Methods:** DFT and various theoretical modeling **Publication** with exp group submitted Phys. Rev. B.(2023): *Electronic transport and magnetism in the alternating stack of metallic and highly frustrated magnetic layers in* Co1/3NbS2

#### ET1991

**Subject:** The emergence of phason and amplitudon modes from ordinary phonons. **Dynamic structure factor**  $S(k,\omega)$  in Peierls systems, calculated and experimentally measured by neutron diffraction.. **Method**: Monte Carlo + Molecular dynamics numerical simulations of strongly non-linear crystal lattice system. **Publication**: **Exp.** (exp: J.P.Pouget group, Paris) **and theor. papers appearing together** in Phys. Rev. B (1991): *Dynamic structure factor of a one-dimensional Peierls system*,

# OLEDs2001++, ET

**Subject**: Elaborate **experimental investigation and theoretical modelingof processes in of organic multilayers Method:** Modeling polaron hopping transport, injection, recombination. Electrostatic modeling of rough electrodes. Numerical solution to a large sparse matrix problems

# Joint publications with experimentalists:

- J. Appl. Phys. 89 (2001) Numerical model for organic light-emitting diodes,
- J. Appl. Phys 93 (2003) Internal electric field and charge distribution in multilayer organic light-emitting diodes,
- J. Appl. Phys. 95 (2004) Splitting of the recombination zone in organic light emitting diodes by dye doping.
- Adv. Fun. Mat. 15 (2005) Doping-induced charge trapping in organic light-emitting devices,

- Phys. Rev. B. (2004) Injection and strong current channeling in organic disordered media,

- J. Appl. Phys. (2006): Investigation of the charge transport through disordered organic molecular
- Phys.Rev.B. (2009) Diffusion of triplet excitons in an operational organic light-emitting diode.

#### YUB2023

/3NbS2

Subject: Electronic structure of metallic-magnetic systems.
Layered metallic system intercalated by Ni magnetic ions
Methods: DFT and various theoretical modeling
Publication with exp group submitted (2023): Intercalation-induced states at the
Fermi level and the coupling of intercalated magnetic ions to conducting layers in Ni1

Paradigm shifting. Mostly @IFS driven!

More elaborate list at: https://www.dropbox.com/s/xhvf57rhv0mr8kq/ET-methods-w-experimentalists.docx?dl=0

Modeling the complex experimental system. From grounds up! Pointed to study an unsolved theoretical problem! (any way you choose!)